

THE SENATE AND HOUSE

Both at Work on Appropriation Bill.

Governor's estimate for the Treasury Department, \$170,500. Salaries cut by Senators in the sum of \$2,500. Salaries stricken out \$2,500. Three items amounting to \$111,600 referred to Committee on Ways and Means. A saving of \$11,500 in the Treasury Department. The Department of Public Works calls for an appropriation of \$250,332. The Senate acted on items to the amount of \$33,800, making a saving of \$1,800. One item amounting to \$3,500 was stricken out. Four items aggregating \$14,280 were referred to committees. Total amount considered \$254,600. Total amount saved \$17,300. Total amounts referred to committees \$129,000.

The foregoing is the business transacted at yesterday's morning session of the Senate. Senators Kalaauokalani and Kanuha led, as on the previous day, in the slashing line. Senator Kanuha always went his "seat-mate" \$200 better. A great deal of favoritism was shown on some of the items, where personal friends were concerned. "Oily" Bill fighting tooth and toenail against any proposed reduction in the salaries of his Maui friends. The Superintendent of Public Works, J. E. Boyd, is the only head of a department to escape the pruning knife. For a time it looked as if he would also have to suffer. Kalaauokalani made a hard fight to reduce the salary \$1,000, in accordance with the rest of the heads of departments. "Oily" Bill, as usual, made a spectacle of himself by jumping up and down like one demented, whenever any of his pets were affected. House Bill 1, appropriating \$30,000 for the expenses of the extra session, passed third reading with a rush, and the "wise" men of the House and Senate will, in a few days, enjoy their favorite pastime of getting their warrants cashed.

The appropriation bill was then taken up, and the first item to be considered was the salary of the Treasurer, at \$9,000. On Kalaauokalani's motion this was reduced to \$8,000. Salary of the Registrar of Public Accounts, \$5,400, passed at \$5,000; salary of the bookkeeper, \$3,600, passed at \$3,400. The salary of the License Inspector (new), \$3,600, and salary of the License Clerk (new), \$3,600, on motion of Kalaauokalani, were stricken out. Senator Crabbe objected very strongly to the striking out of the above items, as the office was a necessity, and would save the government over \$3,000 a year. The salary of assistant license and recording clerk, \$2,400, passed; salary of the messenger, \$1,200, passed; salary of the stenographer and typewriter (new), \$3,000, stricken out. Under the head of Tax Bureau, the following items were disposed of: Salary of assessor, Oahu, \$5,400, reduced to \$5,200. Salary of assessor, Hawaii, \$5,000, reduced to \$4,800. The salary of the assessor at Maui, \$4,600, caused a few minutes fun. Carter moved to pass it as in the bill. Kalaauokalani moved to reduce it to \$4,400. Kanuha moved to reduce it to \$4,000.

"Oily" Bill jumped to his feet and shouted, "I move \$4,400! No, no; I don't mean that—\$4,500. I move \$4,500." This latter motion was seconded by Baldwin. The different amendments were voted on in turn, and the item finally passed at \$4,400.

The salary of the commission, deputy assessors and collectors, \$9,500, was referred to the committee on ways and means, consisting of Kanuha, Carter and Baldwin.

The Bureau of Conveyances was next on the program. Salary of registrar of conveyances, \$5,400, passed at \$5,200. Salary of assistant registrar of conveyances, \$3,000, passed as in the bill. The payroll, index, copyists and messenger, \$11,200, was referred to the ways and means committee.

Payroll, revised indexing work (new), \$5,400, was referred to the same committee. The Department of Public Works, at \$9,000, brought the stalwarts to their feet.

Senator Crabbe moved the item pass as in the bill. Cries of "kokua" came from all over the opposite side of the House.

Kalaauokalani, in his cracked voice, got in his usual \$1,000 reduction motion, where the heads of departments are concerned.

After a great deal of horseplay, and a side remark from Kanuha, "That's all right, he earns his salary; let it pass," the item passed as in the bill. Salary of assistant superintendent of Public Works, at \$6,000, was next.

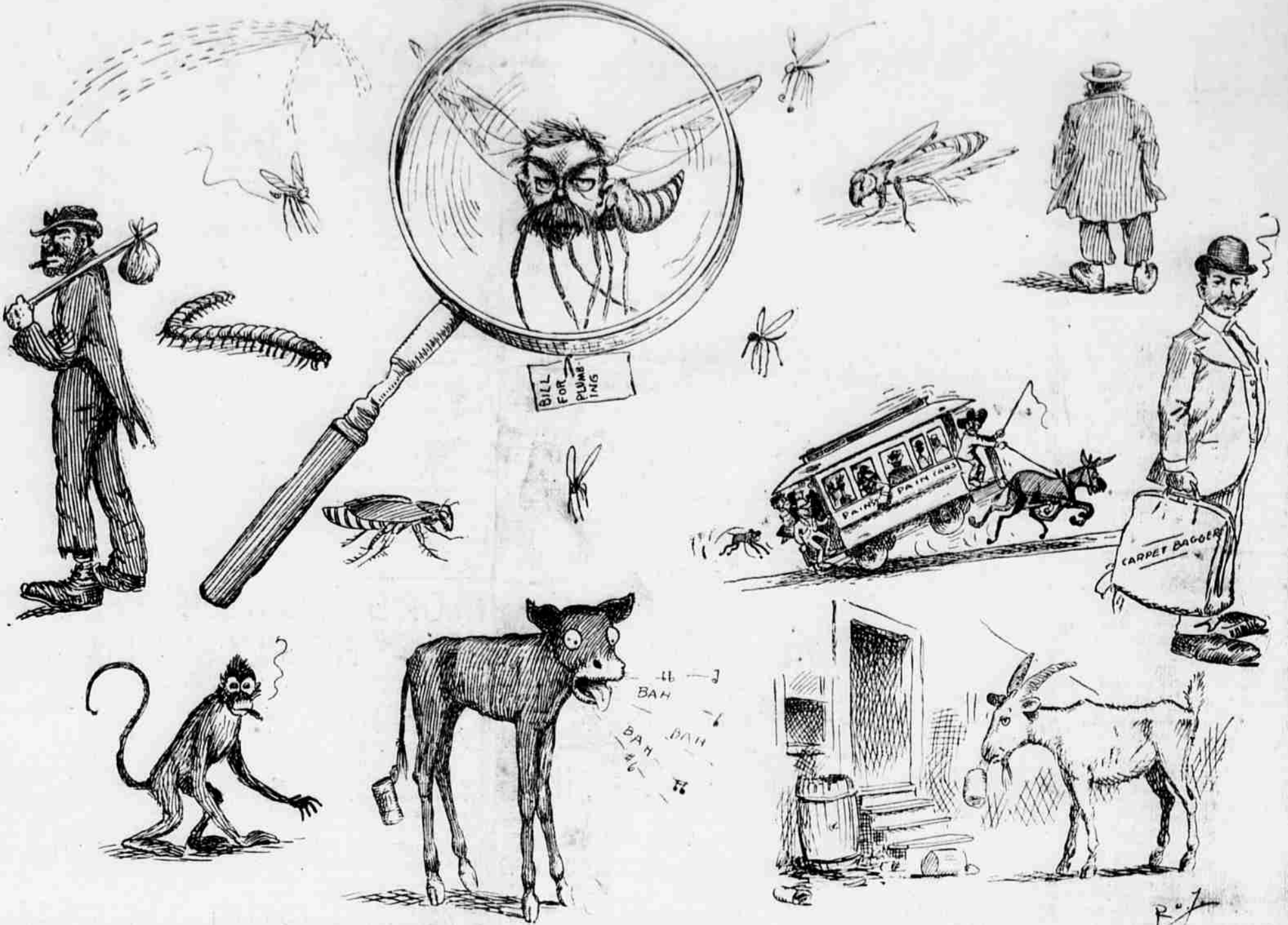
"Oily" Bill moved the item pass. The vote resulted in a tie of 6-6. Then the president, voting in the affirmative, decided the item as in the bill. The salary of chief clerk, \$5,400, was reduced to \$5,200.

Salary of first assistant clerk, \$4,500, reduced to \$4,600; salary of second assistant clerk, \$3,600, reduced to \$3,400; salary of the third assistant clerk, \$3,600, cut to \$3,000; salary of fourth assistant clerk and copyist, \$2,400, cut to \$2,200.

Salary of stenographer, typewriter, etc., \$2,000, reduced to \$2,500; salary of

(Continued on Page 1.)

LIFE'S DRAWBACKS IN HONOLULU.



THE GRAND JURY BUSY

Many People Are Summoned To It.

The grand jury went at the probing of the bribery charges yesterday with a will. The benches and chairs in the corridor leading to the inquisition chamber were packed with prominent officials and business men between the hours of ten and four. Attorney-General Dole, Secretary Cooper and L. A. Thurston, who refused to answer certain questions at Wednesday's session, were present in the morning, and in turn were closeted with the jury for brief periods. Representative Emmelhuth was summoned from the Lower House, supposedly in connection with the letter he lately published in the Star, stating that he had located \$3,000 of the money spent in influencing the Legislature.

Senator Russell was called to account for his statement that there was \$55,000 ready to be spent in defeating the Appropriation bill, but refused to respond, stating in his message that he would have been willing to testify if pointedly asked, but would not take cognizance of any summons, the same being practically and arrest, and he as a member of the Legislature, is exempt from any such procedure.

The advice of the court is likely to be asked upon the question by the jury who deferred Dr. Russell's case for the time being. Senator Achi also declined to appear.

In the afternoon the halliffs succeeded in bringing more witnesses into the executive building, most of whom were excused until 10 o'clock this morning. Testa, of the Independent, was excused in order to get out his paper, but Editor Norrie was constrained to stay.

A. W. Pearson, business manager of the Advertiser, was examined yesterday morning, besides those already mentioned, as was H. J. Nolte, the latter to presumably testify concerning the free lunch business.

P. J. Lowrey, George Carter and Walter G. Smith were called before the session early in the afternoon. Mrs. Nawahi was also heard.

Among those excused until today are Edmund Norrie, F. J. Testa, Colonel McCarthy, Al Moore, Adjutant's clerk, N. G. H. Allan Dunn, J. Bearwald and Charlie Brown Nake, the Japanese

steward of the Officers' Club.

Glimpses obtained of the jury showed that most of them had divested themselves of their coats, to more comfortably and energetically look into the affair. Considerable grumbling was heard from those waiting to be examined that so many should be called and so few chosen.

It is rumored that there are subpoenas issued for several more people supposed to be capable of yielding information. Governor Dole is among the number reported, as already being or about to be summoned again, but there have been no facts given out regarding any names.

The inquiry is practically split into four heads. The Dispensary bill, the Pain franchise, the lunches at Nolte's and the free dispensation of liquors at the Officers' Club. The jury, under the foremanship of J. O. Carter, seems determined to sift the affair thoroughly.

CANNON ESTATE WORTH A MILLION

Relatives of Deceased Mormon to Get His Great Wealth.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 8.—The will of the late President George Q. Cannon, who died in Monterey, Cal., last month, will be filed for probate tomorrow. The will disposes of an estate approximating in value \$1,000,000. According to the terms of the will, the estate is divided into two parts, the first part consisting of gilded securities worth \$200,000. This is to remain in trust until George Q. Cannon's youngest child, now nine years old, attains his majority. All of the thirty-three children of President Cannon are given an acre of land from the Cannon farm and \$200 in cash on attaining majority or at marriage, the balance of the \$200,000 to be divided among the children when the youngest child becomes of age.

While polygamy was recognized by the Mormon church Mr. Cannon had four wives. To these are willed their homes, provision also being made for their maintenance during life.

The remainder of President Cannon's estate, valued at \$800,000 and consisting of 25,000 acres of farm land, interests in flour mills, irrigation companies and stock in banks, etc., passes into possession of the George Q. Cannon Association, of which President Cannon's children and his nephew, John M. Cannon, are stockholders. This property is to be held in trust until the youngest child is 40 years old. This will not be for thirty-one years. The estate is much larger than was generally believed.

Paul Costa, a Portuguese, was seized with an epileptic fit on Beretania street last night. While lying in the road in a helpless condition, the wheel of a hack ran over the man's neck. He was taken to the police station in the patrol wagon, and was afterwards removed to his home.

BIG EVENTS IN SPORTS

Sailor Sharkey Won and Lost a Fight.

Kid McFadden is now bantam-weight champion of the world.

Tom Sharkey put out Fred Russell, the California heavyweight, in four rounds at Denver. Sharkey was favorite at odds of 2½ to 1.

Rube Turner of California put out Roy Sheeter of Colorado Springs in less than a minute of the first round.

Otto Selloff of Chicago defeated Curley Staples of Buffalo in one round.

Henry Lewis of San Francisco was given the decision over Benny Hart of Stockton on a foul.

Billy de Coursey and Tommy Cox fight for the featherweight championship of the Pacific Coast in Redding on May 20th.

Kid Carter of Brooklyn defeated Jack Bonner of Summit Hill, Pa.

"Mexican Pete" Everett was given the decision over Tom Sharkey on a foul in the second round. The fight occurred at Cripple Creek. Everett showed up well in the first round.

In the second Everett received a body blow which sent him to his knees. While he was down Sharkey struck him and the referee gave the fight to Everett.

Joe Kennedy of San Francisco and Hank Griffin of Los Angeles fought twenty rounds to a draw.

Terry McGovern and Amelio Herrera will fight in San Francisco on May 29. "Kid" McFadden and Danny Dougherty will supply the preliminary.

The former couple are to meet at 125 pounds.

Lord Council of England, who has recently made several extensive purchases of thoroughbreds in the East is Clarence Mackay, son of Bonanza King John W. Mackay.

Clarence Mackay's Bahabar won the Metropolitan handicap at odds of twelve to one, Odono rode the winner.

McDermott, the American jockey, has been suspended in England.

Riley Grannan, the turf plunger, has returned from Europe penniless.

Vernona, the Stockton hurdle racer, has been badly injured in a runaway and will not race again.

Gary Hermann is a 6-1 favorite for the American Derby.

His Eminence, winner of the Kentucky Derby, won the \$5,000 Clark stakes at Louisville.

Bahabar won the Toboggan handicap in New York.

The Chester Cup, run in England, was won by Pierre Lorillard's David Garrick, ridden by Lester Beff.

The University of California track team has left for Oregon and Washing-

ton to meet each of the two northern university teams in a field day.

Harold Weekes, Columbia's all-around athlete, has smashed the university strength test records by rolling up a total of 1703.

Shamrock II is said to be able to give a minute in each mile to Shamrock I.

Burton Downing, a youth of sixteen years of age, reduced the coast amateur one mile starting start, paced road record to 1:42 2-5.

John Casey McLaughlin has been elected the Stanford work captain for next year.

The Oxford-Cambridge and Harvard-Yale games will be held in New York on September 21st.

California defeated the University of Oregon in an athletic meeting by the score of 75 to 42. Plaw beat the Coast record for the hammer, throwing 163 feet, 5 inches.

The Constitution was launched on May 6th.

C. A. Sands, an American tennis player, defeated J. W. Marshall of England in the semi-final round for all comers in the amateur tennis championship games played in London.

A dispatch from Southampton dated May 9th says: Sir Thomas Lipton has reached Southampton. Mr. Watson and Captain Jameson will arrive here today but Mr. Effe is not expected until Monday or Tuesday next. Sir Thomas will send the two Shamrocks to Weymouth today for trials in deep water, clear of tides and shoals. It is not likely that further trials will take place in the solvent. At all events most of them will take place outside. The two Shamrocks will anchor for the night at Weymouth, and the new mainsail of the Shamrock II will be bent Friday.

The developments of coffee culture in Hawaii during the past few years have been very satisfactory, both in the quality of coffee produced and the prices realized. In the Philippines the product is of a high grade, and the fact that the physical conditions and climate of the islands are very similar to those of Java, the greatest coffee producing island of the world, suggests great possibilities to those who desire to see American money expended under the American flag. The fact that the United States is by far the greatest coffee-consuming country in the world, and is steadily increasing her consumption, suggests that American capital and energy may turn their attention to this promising field now opened in the islands where American enterprise can safely enter upon business undertakings.

Our coffee importations during the nine months ending with March, 1901, amounted to \$17,334,000 pounds, with a value of \$45,218,000, a sum nearly \$5,000,000 in excess of the value of the coffee imports of the same month of the preceding fiscal year, indicating that for the full fiscal year the total value of the coffee imported into the United States will be about \$60,000,000.

School Superintendent Atkinson says that there will be no difficulty about the language question with the Porto Rican pupils, and that if the teachers have managed to get on speaking terms with Hawaiian, Japanese and Chinese speaking juveniles there ought not to be any trouble about the Spanish speaking little ones.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Taking Carnegie to Task. NEW YORK, May 9.—Andrew Carnegie's advice to the British people, given at the recent meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute as to how to manage their own affairs, caused him to be taken to task by the Chronicle, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Mr. Carnegie said that one way to conquer foreign markets was to have control of the markets at home. This remark the Chronicle construes into meaning that Englishmen should pay no attention to anything outside of the boundaries of the British islands and jumps to the conclusion that Mr. Carnegie preaches a gospel of most parochial utilitarianism.

Another remark made by Mr. Carnegie—that there was far more lost in consols at 95 than would ever be gained in South Africa—was not unanimously acquiesced in at the meeting.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

Consolation for a Widow. MANILA, April 23.—The widow of the murdered Captain Lara of the native police, who was assassinated last year, has been granted the sole privilege to run a cockpit in Manila as a remuneration for her unfortunate bereavement. This does not appear to be much, but it really amounts to a great deal, as the income of a cockpit annually is not a small figure. An ordinary cockpit brings its owner a profit of \$500 or \$1,000 a year. In this case, however, Mrs. Lara has a monopoly, so no other pit is allowed to run, and her income will be considerable in consequence.

A BOOM FOR OUR COFFEE

The United States May Give Its Islands a Monopoly of Trade.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—All the coffee consumed in the United States can be grown in the islands which have been acquired since the outbreak of the Spanish war. This is the conclusion reached by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department after a careful study of the coffee producing capabilities of our new insular possessions. The islands in which coffee can be successfully grown are Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Porto Rican coffee in the markets where it is well known, is regarded as the best in the world, and it is the conclusion of the Bureau of Statistics that when the coffee plantations have been developed in the Philippines and Hawaii all of one million dollars or more which the United States spends abroad every week for coffee can be expended among the inhabitants of our own islands. Porto Rican coffee has long commanded high prices in the European markets, though it has been comparatively little known in the United States.

The developments of coffee culture in Hawaii during the past few years have been very satisfactory, both in the quality of coffee produced and the prices realized. In the Philippines the product is of a high grade, and the fact that the physical conditions and climate of the islands are very similar to those of Java, the greatest coffee producing island of the world, suggests great possibilities to those who desire to see American money expended under the American flag. The fact that the United States is by far the greatest coffee-consuming country in the world, and is steadily increasing her consumption, suggests that American capital and energy may turn their attention to this promising field now opened in the islands where American enterprise can safely enter upon business undertakings.

Our coffee importations during the nine months ending with March, 1901, amounted to \$17,334,000 pounds, with a value of \$45,218,000, a sum nearly \$5,000,000 in excess of the value of the coffee imports of the same month of the preceding fiscal year, indicating that for the full fiscal year the total value of the coffee imported into the United States will be about \$60,000,000.

School Superintendent Atkinson says that there will be no difficulty about the language question with the Porto Rican pupils, and that if the teachers have managed to get on speaking terms with Hawaiian, Japanese and Chinese speaking juveniles there ought not to be any trouble about the Spanish speaking little ones.